



Net Metering

From Wikipedia

Net Metering is an electricity policy for consumers who own small renewable energy facilities, such as wind and solar power systems. “Net”, in this context, is used in the sense of meaning “what remains after deductions” - in this case the deduction of any energy outflows from metered energy inflows. Under Net Metering, a system owner receives retail credit for at least a portion of the electricity they generate.

Net Metering is generally a consumer-based renewable energy incentive. While it is important to have net metering available for any consumer that interconnects their renewable generator to the grid, this form of renewable incentive places the burden of pioneering renewable energy primarily upon fragmented consumers.

In Italy such systems are made using a bidirectional electric counter, or with a pair of unidirectional counters placed in series, in opposite directions. The installation of the counters is left to the directors of the grid. Net Metering was introduced in Italy in the nineties with the installation of the first solar panels connected to the grid.